



Faculty of Medicine in Rijeka

Curriculum 2024/2025

For course

Anatomical Base of Lesions of Spinal and Cranial Nerves

Study program: Medical Studies in English (R) (elective)
University integrated undergraduate and graduate study

Department: **Department of Anatomy**

Course coordinator: prof. dr. sc. Zoričić Cvek Sanja, dr. med.

Year of study: 1
ECTS: 1.5
Incentive ECTS: 0 (0.00%)

Foreign language: Possibility of teaching in a foreign language

Course information:

The main topic of the elective course is the morphological and functional characteristics of cranial and spinal nerves with a special focus on topographic relationships and the pathways these nerves pass through. On the basis of topographic relationships, the anatomical structures that can lead to their lesions will be shown, as well as the corresponding outbursts from the side of the organs that are innervated by the mentioned nerves. In addition to the morphological descriptions of the anatomical structures, the mechanisms that lead to lesions will be described and clarified (for the nn. olfactorius, anosmia and liquor will be described as symptoms indicating nerve damage in the area of the laminae cribrosae ossis ethmoidalis, for n. II, hemianopsia and other lesions on the visual pathway in terms of involvement of the optic nerve, chiasma opticus, tractus opticus and other variants, etc. to various lesions of the peripheral branches of the plexus for the innervation of the upper and lower extremities).

List of assigned reading:

Sobotta Anatomy textbook, Editor Jens Waschke, Tobias M. Bockers, Friedrich Paulsen, ELSEVIER 2015

List of optional reading:

Curriculum:

Lectures list (with titles and explanation):

P1:The morphological and functional characteristic of the cranial nerves (nn. olfactorius, n. opticus, n. oculomotorius, n. trochlearis, n. abducens)

The students will be prepared for the theoretical description of the functional division of the cranial nerves so as theirs close topographical relationships. At the morphological, functional and topographical characteristics of the cranial nerves, the student will be able to conclude the origin and the topography of the lesions in relation to the simptoms at the periphery.

P2:The anatomical base for the lesion of the trigeminal nerve

The students will be trained to connect functionally different types of trigeminal nerve nuclei, their location in brain, their point of exit from the brainstem, their intracranial and extracranial pathway and close topographical relations and the simptoms of the lesions at the periphery.

P3:N. vestibulocochlearis and inner ear

The students will be trained to apstract the nuclei, the points of exit from the brainstem and the pathway to the bony and membranous labirinth of the inner ear. On the basis of simptoms and hearing disturbance, students will be able to recognize and to conclude where is the site of nerve lesion.

P4: Spinal nerves and cervicobrachial syndroms

The student will be able to point out the main morphological and functional characteristics of the different spinal nerves regarding the segmentation and peripheral pattern of innervation. On the basis of the simptoms regarding disturbance in motor and sensory function of the brachial plexus, the student will be able to conclude the site of lesion of the spinal nerve

P5: Spinal nerves and cervicobrachial syndroms

The student will be able to point out the main morphological and functional characteristics of the different spinal nerves regarding the segmentation and peripheral pattern of innervation. On the basis of the simptoms regarding disturbance in motor and sensory function of the brachial plexus, the student will be able to conclude the site of lesion of the spinal nerve

Seminars list (with titles and explanation):

S1: N. facialis. Central and peripheral lesion of the nerve

On the basis of theoretical descriptive and topographical characteristic, the students will be able to conclude which simptoms will be present in a case of central and peripheral lesion of the n. facialis.

S2: N.vagus

Identify and describe the anatomical structure of the vagus nerve.

• Students will be able to identify and describe in detail the anatomical components of the vagus nerve, including its course and branches.

S3:N. glosssopharyngeus

Define the functional anatomy of the relevant cranial nerve.

Participants will be able to name and explain the basic anatomical features of the cranial nerve, including its pathway, nuclei, and the primary functions it performs.

S4:N. opticus and vision

Identify the structures and functions of the optic nerve Students will be able to recognize the anatomical composition of the optic nerve and explain its primary functions and role in the visual process.

S5:N. VIII and auditory function

Students will be able to describe the anatomical structure of the inner ear.

• Description: Students should thoroughly detail the primary components of the inner ear and their location within the skull, as well as connect these structures with the functional aspects of the auditory system.

S6:N V

S7:N hypoglossus

Identify the anatomy of the hypoglossal nerve Students will be able to identify and describe the basic anatomical features of the hypoglossal nerve, including its course, branches, and the structures it innervates. Emphasis will be on localizing important anatomical landmarks related to the hypoglossal nerve in the context of lesions.

S8:N accesorius

Define and describe the anatomical features relevant to the nerve.

 Students will be able to identify key anatomical structures and explain their functional role in the context of the nerve.

S9:Nn. spinales

Describe the structure and function of the spinal nerves.

Students will be able to define the structure of the spinal nerves, identify their components, and explain their functional role within the nervous system.

S10:Anatomy of the vertebral complex

S11:Spinal reflexes and their disruption

S12:Sympathetic and parasympathetic innervation

Understand the basic concepts of sympathetic and parasympathetic innervation.

• Students will be able to describe the differences and similarities between the sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous systems and explain their role in regulating bodily functions.

S13:Plexus cervicalis

Identify the anatomical structures of the cervical plexus

Students will be able to recognize and name the key anatomical structures that comprise and surround the cervical plexus.

S14:Plexus brachialis

The students will learn and accepted the skills how to recognize individual nerve lesions of the plexus brachialis.

S15:Plexus lumbalis

Identify the components of the lumbar plexus

• Description: Students will be able to recognize and name the main nerves that form the lumbar plexus through the analysis of anatomical models and diagrams.

S16:Plexus sacralis

Identify the main anatomical structures within the sacral plexus: Students will be able to accurately recognize and name the key nerves and anatomical parts of the sacral plexus, providing them with a fundamental understanding of its location and function within the context of human anatomical structure

S17Spinal anesthesia

Identify anatomical structures relevant to spinal anesthesia

Students will be able to identify and describe key anatomical structures, including the spinal canal and adjacent areas, crucial for the successful administration of spinal anesthesia.

S18:Lumbal punction

Identify the anatomical structures relevant to performing a lumbar puncture

• Students will be able to identify key anatomical features, including vertebral levels, meningeal layers, and specific spaces important for safely performing a lumbar puncture.

S19Intercostal nerves

Identify and describe the anatomical structure of intercostal nerves Students will be able to identify and recognize the key anatomical features of the intercostal nerves, including their origin from the spinal cord, path, and the muscles and skin they innervate.

S20:Innervation of the back

Identify the primary nerves and structural elements that innervate the back region.

• Description: Students will be able to name and identify key spinal and cranial nerves responsible for sensory and motor functions of the back.

Student obligations:

Exam (exam taking, description of the written/oral/practical part of the exam, point distribution, grading criteria):

Other notes (related to the course) important for students:

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COURSE HOURS 2024/2025

Anatomical Base of Lesions of Spinal and Cranial Nerves

Lectures (Place and time or group)	Seminars (Place and time or group)
05.05.2025	
P1:The morphological and functional characteristic of the cranial nerves (nn. olfactorius, n. opticus, n. oculomotorius, n. trochlearis, n. abducens): • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:20) [1600] • ABoLoSaCN	
P2:The anatomical base for the lesion of the trigeminal nerve: • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:20) [1600] • ABoLoSaCN	
P3:N. vestibulocochlearis and inner ear: • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:20) [1600] • ABoLoSaCN	
prof. dr. sc. Zoričić Cvek Sanja, dr. med. ^[1600]	,
06.05.2025	
P4: Spinal nerves and cervicobrachial syndroms: • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:00) [1600] • ABoLoSaCN	
P5: Spinal nerves and cervicobrachial syndroms: • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:00) [1600] • ABoLoSaCN	
prof. dr. sc. Zoričić Cvek Sanja, dr. med. ^[1600]	,
07.05.2025	
	S1: N. facialis. Central and peripheral lesion of the nerve: • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:30) [1600] • ABoLoSaCN
	S2: N.vagus: • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:30) [1600] • ABoLoSaCN
	S3:N. glosssopharyngeus: • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:30) [1600] • ABoLoSaCN
prof. dr. sc. Zoričić Cvek Sanja, dr. med. ^[1600]	
08.05.2025	

S4:N. opticus and vision: • Department of Anatomy -Seminarska (16:15 - 18:30) ^[1600] ∘ ABoLoSaCN S5:N. VIII and auditory function: • Department of Anatomy -Seminarska (16:15 - 18:30) ^[1600] o ABoLoSaCN S6:N V: • Department of Anatomy -Seminarska (16:15 - 18:30) ^[1600] o ABoLoSaCN prof. dr. sc. Zoričić Cvek Sanja, dr. med. ^[1600] 09.05.2025 S7:N hypoglossus: • Department of Anatomy -Seminarska (16:15 - 18:00) ^[1600] ABoLoSaCN S8:N accesorius: • Department of Anatomy -Seminarska (16:15 - 18:00) ^[1600] o ABoLoSaCN prof. dr. sc. Zoričić Cvek Sanja, dr. med. $^{[1600]}$ 12.05.2025 S9:Nn. spinales: • Department of Anatomy -Seminarska (16:15 - 18:00) ^[1600] o ABoLoSaCN S10:Anatomy of the vertebral complex: • Department of Anatomy -Seminarska (16:15 - 18:00) ^[1600] o ABoLoSaCN prof. dr. sc. Zoričić Cvek Sanja, dr. med. ^[1600] 13.05.2025 S11:Spinal reflexes and their disruption: • Department of Anatomy -Seminarska (16:15 - 18:00) ^[1600] ∘ ABoLoSaCN S12:Sympathetic and parasympathetic innervation: • Department of Anatomy -Seminarska (16:15 - 18:00) ^[1600] $\circ \ \mathsf{ABoLoSaCN}$ prof. dr. sc. Zoričić Cvek Sanja, dr. med. $^{[1600]}$ 14.05.2025

	S13:Plexus cervicalis: • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:00) [1600] • ABoloSaCN
	S14:Plexus brachialis: • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:00) [1600] • ABoLoSaCN
prof. dr. sc. Zoričić Cvek Sanja, dr. med. ^[1600]	
15.05.2025	
	S15:Plexus lumbalis: • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:30) [1600] • ABoLoSaCN
	S16:Plexus sacralis: • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:30) [1600] • ABoLoSaCN
	S17Spinal anesthesia: • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:30) [1600] • ABoLoSaCN
prof. dr. sc. Zoričić Cvek Sanja, dr. med. ^[1600]	
16.05.2025	
	S18:Lumbal punction: • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:30) [1600] • ABoLoSaCN
	S19Intercostal nerves: • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:30) [1600] • ABoLoSaCN
	S20:Innervation of the back: • Department of Anatomy - Seminarska (16:15 - 18:30) [1600] • ABoLoSaCN
prof. dr. sc. Zoričić Cvek Sanja, dr. med. ^[1600]	I

List of lectures, seminars and practicals:

LECTURES (TOPIC)	Number of hours	Location
P1:The morphological and functional characteristic of the cranial nerves (nn. olfactorius, n. opticus, n. oculomotorius, n. trochlearis, n. abducens)	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
P2:The anatomical base for the lesion of the trigeminal nerve	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
P3:N. vestibulocochlearis and inner ear	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
P4: Spinal nerves and cervicobrachial syndroms	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska

P5: Spinal nerves and cervicobrachial syndroms	1	Department of Anatomy -	
		Seminarska	

SEMINARS (TOPIC)	Number of hours	Location
S1: N. facialis. Central and peripheral lesion of the nerve	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S2: N.vagus	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S3:N. glosssopharyngeus	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S4:N. opticus and vision	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S5:N. VIII and auditory function	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S6:N V	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S7:N hypoglossus	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S8:N accesorius	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S9:Nn. spinales	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S10:Anatomy of the vertebral complex	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S11:Spinal reflexes and their disruption	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S12:Sympathetic and parasympathetic innervation	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S13:Plexus cervicalis	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S14:Plexus brachialis	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S15:Plexus lumbalis	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S16:Plexus sacralis	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S17Spinal anesthesia	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S18:Lumbal punction	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S19Intercostal nerves	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska
S20:Innervation of the back	1	Department of Anatomy - Seminarska

EXAM DATES (final exam):